IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (currently amended): A control method for controlling an electronically controlled thermostat comprising:

providing an actuator that can be used for configured to vary a valve-opening ratio so as to control a temperature of cooling-water control of to an internal combustion engine and that is capable of optionally varying the valve-opening ratio; and an engine control unit that computes configured to compute a target temperature by means of various based on engine parameters and distributes the to distribute a power distribution amount required to operate to the actuator-so that the cooling water reaches the target temperature;

monitoring an actual temperature of the cooling water flowing out from a cooling water outlet of the internal combustion engine;

determining an amount of wherein the power distribution amount to be distributed to the actuator is determined by monitoring based on only the actual [[water]] temperature of the cooling water; and

distributing the amount of the power required to operate the actuator such that the temperature of the cooling water reaches the target temperature.

Claim 2 (currently amended): The control method for controlling an electronically controlled thermostat according to claim 1, further comprising reading a wherein the difference in a variation of the actual temperature of the cooling water cooling water temperature variation per unit time is read and predicting the variation of the actual temperature of the cooling water cooling water temperature variation is predicted in accordance with [[this]] the difference.

Claim 3 (currently amended): The eentrel method for controlling an electronically controlled thermostat according to claim 1 or [[claim]] 2, wherein the providing further comprises providing a cooling fan disposed opposite a radiator for radiating [[the]] heat of the cooling water, is provided; and [[the]] a rotational speed of the radiator cooling fan is controlled so that [[the]] a difference between the actual [[water]] temperature of the cooling water and a temperature of the cooling water temperature when the valve is fully open by the amount of the distribution of power distributed to the actuator or a temperature of the cooling water temperature when the valve is fully open in a state where the amount of the power distributed to the actuator is cut [[is]] to zero.

Claim 4 (currently amended): The control method for controlling an electronically controlled thermostat according to claim 1, wherein the actuator [[is]] comprises a temperature sensor and a heater element installed in [[a]] the temperature sensor.

Claim 5 (currently amended): The control method for controlling an electronically controlled thermostat according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the actuator [[is]] comprises a valve and an electric motor that drives configured to drive the valve to [[the]] open/closed state.

Claim 6 (currently amended): A method for controlling a temperature of cooling water of an internal combustion engine, comprising:

providing an actuator configured to adjust an amount of the cooling water flowing to the internal combustion engine;

monitoring the temperature of the cooling water <u>flowing out from a cooling water</u> outlet of the internal combustion engine;

computing a target temperature based on engine parameters; and controlling the actuator according to only the monitored temperature so that the temperature of the cooling water approaches the target temperature.

Claim 7 (currently amended): The control method for controlling an electronically controlled thermostat according to claim 2, wherein the actuator [[is]] comprises a temperature sensor and a heater element installed in [[a]] the temperature sensor.

Claim 8 (currently amended): The control method for controlling an electronically controlled thermostat according to claim 3, wherein the actuator [[is]] comprises a temperature sensor and a heater element installed in [[a]] the temperature sensor.

Claim 9 (new): The method for controlling a temperature of cooling water of an internal combustion engine according to claim 6, further comprising reading a difference in a variation of the temperature of the cooling water per unit time and predicting the variation of the temperature of the cooling water in accordance with the difference.

Claim 10 (new): The method for controlling a temperature of cooling water of an internal combustion engine according to claim 6, wherein the actuator comprises a temperature sensor and a heater element installed in the temperature sensor.

Claim 11 (new): The method for controlling a temperature of cooling water of an internal combustion engine according to claim 6 or 9, wherein the actuator comprises a valve and an electric motor configured to drive the valve to open/closed state.